By considering matrices for transformations, describe the single transformation that is equivalent to a $90^{\circ}$ anti-clockwise rotation about the origin followed by a reflection in the $x$-axis.

| What is the matrix for a $90^{\circ}$ anti-clockwise rotation about the origin? | $\stackrel{ }{ }$ | $\left[\begin{array}{cc} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{array}\right]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| What is the matrix for a reflection in the $x$-axis? |  | $\left[\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{array}\right]$ |
| How can we show the first transformation following the first? | - | $\begin{array}{r} \times \quad\left[\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{array}\right]\left[\begin{array}{cc} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{array}\right] \\ =\left[\begin{array}{cc} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{array}\right] \end{array}$ |
| What transformation does this matrix represent? |  | A reflection in the line $y=-x$. |

b)

By considering matrices for transformations, describe the single transformation that is equivalent to a $90^{\circ}$ clockwise rotation about the origin followed by a reflection in the line $y=x$.

What is the matrix for a $90^{\circ}$ clockwise rotation about the origin?

What is the matrix for a reflection in the

$$
\text { line } y=x ?
$$

How can we show the first transformation following the first?

What
transformation does this matrix
represent?

By considering matrices for transformations, describe the single transformation that is equivalent to a $180^{\circ}$ rotation about the origin followed by a reflection in the line $y=-x$.
d)

By considering matrices for transformations, describe the single transformation that is equivalent to a $90^{\circ}$ anti-clockwise rotation about the origin followed by a reflection in the line $y=x$.

