a)
$x$ is directly proportional to $y$.
$y$ is directly proportional to $z$.
When $x=10, y=60$.
When $y=8, z=1.6$.
Find a formula for $z$ in terms of $x$.

Write the relationship between $x$ and $y$ as a formula using a
multiplier, $k$

$$
\begin{gathered}
y \propto x \\
y=k x
\end{gathered}
$$

Substitute values of $x$ and $y$

Substitute the value of $k$ in to the formula

Write the relationship between $y$ and $z$ as a formula using a multiplier, $k$

Substitute values of $y$ and $z$

Substitute the value of $k$ in to the formula

$$
\begin{gathered}
60=k \times 10 \\
k=\frac{60}{10}=6 \\
y=6 x \\
z \propto y \\
z=k y \\
1.6=k \times 8 \\
k=\frac{1.6}{8}=0.2=\frac{1}{5} \\
z=\frac{1}{5} y=\frac{y}{5} \\
y=6 x \\
z=\frac{y}{5} \\
z=\frac{6 x}{5}
\end{gathered}
$$

Using the formula for $y$ in terms of $x$, substitute $y$ in to the formula for $z$ in terms of $y$
b)
$a$ is directly proportional to $b$.
$b$ is directly proportional to $c$.
When $a=5, b=20$.
When $b=6, c=2$.
Find a formula for $c$ in terms of $a$.
Write the relationship between $a$ $\begin{array}{cc}\text { rite the relationship between } a & b \propto a \\ \text { and } b \text { as a formula using a } & b=k a \\ \text { multiplier, } k & \end{array}$

Substitute values of $a$ and $b$

Substitute the value of $k$ in to the formula

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 20=k \times 5 \\
& k=\frac{20}{5}=4
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
b=4 a
$$

Write the relationship between $b$ and $c$ as a formula using a
multiplier, $k$

$$
c \propto b
$$

$$
c=k b
$$

Substitute values of $y$ and $z$

$$
k=\frac{2}{6}=\frac{1}{3}
$$

Substitute the value of $k$ in to the formula

$$
2=k \times 6
$$

$$
c=\frac{1}{3} b=\frac{b}{3}
$$

## Using the formula for $b$ in terms

 of $a$, substitute $b$ in to the formula for $c$ in terms of $b$| c) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $m$ is directly proportional to $n$. |  |
| $n$ is directly proportional to $p$. |  |
| When $m=2, n=80$. |  |
| When $n=10, p=1.25$. |  |
| Find a formula for $p$ in terms of $m$. |  |
| Write the relationship between $m$ and $n$ as a formula using a multiplier, $k$ | $\begin{gathered} n \propto m \\ n=k m \end{gathered}$ |
| Substitute values of $m$ and $n$ | $\begin{gathered} 80=k \times 2 \\ k=\frac{80}{2}=40 \end{gathered}$ |
| Substitute the value of $k$ in to the formula | $n=40 m$ |
| Write the relationship between $n$ and $p$ as a formula using a multiplier, $k$ |  |
| Substitute values of $n$ and $p$ |  |
| Substitute the value of $k$ in to the formula |  |
| Using the formula for $n$ in terms of $m$, substitute $n$ in to the formula for $p$ in terms of $n$ |  |

d)
$r$ is directly proportional to $s$.
$s$ is directly proportional to $t$.
When $r=4, s=40$.
When $s=30, t=7.5$.
Find a formula for $t$ in terms of $r$.

