| a) The probability that a blue counter is removed from a bag is 0.15. There are 18 blue counters in the bag. | | b) The probability that a blue counter is removed from a bag is 0.2. There are 18 blue counters in the bag. | |
|---|--|--|------------------------------------|
| Work out the total number of counters in the bag. | | Work out the total number of counters in the bag. | |
| How can we write the probability as a fraction? | $0.15 = \frac{15}{100} = \frac{3}{20}$ | How can we write the probability as a fraction? | $0.2 = \frac{2}{10} = \frac{1}{5}$ |
| Can we write two equivalent fractions? | $\frac{3}{20} = \frac{18}{18}$ | Can we write two equivalent fractions? | $\frac{1}{5} = \frac{18}{}$ |
| How many counters are in the bag? | There are 120 counters in the bag. | How many counters are in the bag? | |
| c) The probability that a blue counter is removed from a bag is 0.35. There are 28 blue counters in the bag. Work out the total number of counters in the bag. | | d) The probability that a blue counter is removed from a bag is 0.6. There are 18 blue counters in the bag. Work out the total number of counters in the bag. | |
| How can we write the probability as a fraction? | $0.35 = \frac{35}{100} = \frac{7}{20}$ | | |
| Can we write two equivalent fractions? | | | |
| How many counters are in the bag? | | | |
| BACKWARD FADED MATHS | | | |